## **CLAIMS**

1. A compound (A-1) or a salt thereof or a hydrate of the foregoing represented by the following formula:

[Chemical Formula 1]

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$$R^{1}$$
 $R^{1}$ 
 $R^{1}$ 
 $R^{1}$ 
 $R^{2}$ 

wherein  $R^1$  represents hydrogen,  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl or  $C_{3-8}$  cycloalkyl.

- 2. A compound or a salt thereof or a hydrate of the foregoing according to claim 1, wherein R<sup>1</sup> is hydrogen, methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or cyclopropyl.
- 3. A compound or a salt thereof or a hydrate of the foregoing according to claim 1, wherein R<sup>1</sup> is cyclopropyl.
- 4. A process for preparing a compound (A-1) represented by the following formula:

[Chemical Formula 5]

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
CI & H & H \\
N & N & R^1 \\
O & (A-1)
\end{array}$$

wherein R<sup>1</sup> has the same definition as above, characterized by reacting a compound (A-3) represented by the following formula:

[Chemical Formula 2]

wherein Ar represents  $C_{6-10}$  aryl optionally having 1 or 2 substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen, methyl, methoxy and nitro, with a compound (A-4) represented by the following formula:

[Chemical Formula 3]

to afford a compound (A-2) represented by the following

## formula:

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[Chemical Formula 4]

wherein Ar has the same definition as above, and then reacting the compound (A-2) with a compound represented by the formula R<sup>1</sup>-NH<sub>2</sub>, wherein R<sup>1</sup> has the same definition as above.

- 5. A process according to claim 4, wherein R<sup>1</sup> is hydrogen, methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or cyclopropyl.
  - 6. A process according to claim 4, wherein R<sup>1</sup> is cyclopropyl.
- 7. A process according to any one of claims 4 to 6, wherein Ar is phenyl.
- 8. A compound (A-2) or a salt thereof or a hydrate of the foregoing represented by the following formula:

  [Chemical Formula 6]

wherein Ar has the same definition as above.

- 9. A compound or a salt thereof or a hydrate of the foregoing according to claim 8, wherein Ar is phenyl.
- 10. A process for preparing a compound (C) or a salt thereof represented by the following formula:

[Chemical Formula 9]

$$R^2$$
 $H_3CO$ 
 $N$ 
 $R^1$ 
 $R^1$ 
 $R^1$ 

wherein R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> have the same definitions as above, characterized by reacting a compound (A-1) represented by the

following formula:

[Chemical Formula 7]

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
CI & H & H \\
N & N & R^1 \\
O & (A-1)
\end{array}$$

wherein R<sup>1</sup> has the same definition as above, with a compound (B) represented by the following formula:

[Chemical Formula 8]

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$$R^2$$
 $H_3CO$ 
 $N$ 
(B)

wherein R<sup>2</sup> represents hydrogen or methoxy, and L represents a leaving group.

11. A process according to claim 10, characterized by using a base.

12. A process according to claim 11, wherein the base is an alkali metal carbonate or an alkali metal alkoxide.

13. A process according to claim 11, wherein the base is cesium carbonate, potassium carbonate or potassium t-butoxide.

14. A process according to any one of claims 10 to 13, wherein R<sup>1</sup> is hydrogen, methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or cyclopropyl.

15. A process according to any one of claims 10 to 13, wherein R<sup>1</sup> is cyclopropyl.

16. A process according to any one of claims 10 to 15, wherein R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen.

17. A process according to any one of claims 10 to 16, wherein L is chlorine.